

The Raymond Recorder

The News and Advertising Medium of Southern Alberta's Sugar District

VOL. 4

RAYMOND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, OCT 1 1926

NO. 31

Our Specials

Increase the purchasing value of your dollar. Buy where your money goes farthest

Bridger Canyon Peas special	16c
Bottled Vinegar reg 30c	24c
Black Pepper	2 cans for 17c
LeLeys large bar Toilet Soap	3 for 26c
Oranger good size, will be 50c next week, doz	37c
Lynn Valley standard quality Corn reg 20c, 2 for	29c
Peanut Butter Candy Kisses special 2 lbs for	37c
Large Writing Tablets linen, reg 30c	2 for 31c
Rowntrees Cocoa reg 30c	special 24c
Fels Naptha Soap 10c bars	2 for 17c

Extra! Large Beet Knives **\$1.10**
Saturday only, each

Watches \$2 value for **\$1.39**



10 or 57

THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

Raymond Merc.

COMPANY, LIMITED

Protect Your Health

By wearing the sort of Underwear the season demands. We have an enormous new stock. All kinds, sizes and prices. Call in today--NOW!

The Broadway Store

Your Interest is Our Interest

PHONE 2

Why Star Cars Have More Power

Highest Quality Motors

Star Four Motor develops 30-brake horsepower. Has won every hill climbing contest against all other entrants of any make or price. Won the celebrated 1926 Yosemite Economy Run (sea level to 6,000 ft. elevation) with a gasoline mileage of 29.09. (U. S. A. gallons.)

Has full force-feed lubrication. Front end chain drive. Honed cylinders, lapped pistons pins. Aluminum alloy pistons. Bronze-backed piston pin and front end camshaft bearings. Fedders radiator. Ran 160 miles low gear non-stop in July, 1926, near San Antonio, Texas, without boiling.

The Star Four owes its power and economy supremacy to the high speed of its motor, good compression, correct operating temperature, full force-feed lubrication and excellent carburetion of today's motor fuel.

Raymond Service Station

J. D. HALL

Chrysler Cars Dealer Star Cars

Use Want Ads--They Pay Big

News Notes

The U. F. W. A. held a social at the home of Mrs. C. Nilsson last Thursday. The program began with singing "O Canada." Talk, "What the U. F. W. A. Has Done," Mrs. J. W. Evans. Piano solo, Mrs. W. Wiggell. Paper, "Education and Better Schools," Mrs. C. Nilsson. Humorous reading, Mrs. Ada O'Brien. After several lively games a dainty lunch was served. Mrs. R. A. Nalder was elected representative to help organize a parents' and teachers' organization.

Threshing was resumed last Monday. This work together with cutting grain, beet harvesting and the commencement of the factory run makes the season the busiest this district has ever seen.

Scarcity of houses for rent is again noticeable. Capital investment in a few new cottages for leasing purposes would prove a good investment.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Dahl spent last week end at Cardston.

The Raymond Military Band held its weekly rehearsal last Sunday. The members turned out on masse, and a good two hours practice was indulged in to the benefit of all. Under the able leadership of Mr. Mitchell the band is progressing rapidly and with the added help of new members which was quite noticeable this organization will be in good shape to start giving concerts and dances about October 15th. The new music now being rehearsed, selections, overtures, etc., will be a treat to local music lovers. A little co-operation by the general public will stimulate and add to the efficiency the band is aiming at.

A large group of Indians will arrive next week at both Magrath and Raymond to help with the beet harvest. The Indian agent has promised every co-operation possible.

Miss Alice Rygg has accepted a position as stenographer at the School of Agriculture.

I. M. Coombs of Cardston was a business visitor here last Wednesday. Part of his work is selling Cardston butter. Mr. Coombs informs the Recorder that people of Raymond use more than a half ton of Cardston butter every week.

The Department of Insurance at Ottawa has appointed October 3rd to 9th as Fire Prevention Week.

FOR SALE—Purebred Oxford Rams and Great Tamworth Durock Sows. Apply School of Agriculture, Raymond.

PIONEER DAIRY

Fresh Milk and Cream
Delivered

C. E. Hancock, Phone 116.

Canadian Pacific

**GENERAL CHANGE
IN
TRAIN SERVICE
EFFECTIVE
SUNDAY, SEPT. 26**

For details please consult
P. H. FLEMING
Ticket Agent

Beet Harvesting

Because of the conditions which confronted us, due to the unfavorable harvesting weather of the last several weeks, we are face to face with the same situation as last year, wherein threshing and beet harvest must be taken care of at the same time. That being the case beet harvest may be hampered somewhat at the start for lack of sufficient help. This is not altogether a disadvantage inasmuch as we do not consider that the harvest should progress too rapidly at this time. It is quite evident that the beets have not made their maximum sugar content or growth, and for that reason it is well that the farmer regulate his affairs so that he will be able to get the benefit of these two factors, also in many cases, the advantage of doing as large a portion as possible of his own team work and hauling.

Farmers with large acreages should not delay their harvest, but should organize their activities so that their own equipment will be used advantageously, and that they will be able to get their beets harvested before there is any danger of freezing. While many methods are in use for handling beets in the field, as a matter of economy the grower should aim to get his beets into the wagon with as little handling as possible. Individual circumstances govern the best methods to select.

We do not feel that the labor situation will prove at all serious as there are indications that help will be sufficient to take care of the crop in plenty of time. We are co-operating with the Indian agency on the Blood Reserve and expect to have a good many Indians come into the district for this work in the near future, as they are very much in need of the work and are anxious to come down.

We are still strongly of the opinion that under certain conditions it is advantageous to the farmer to put his beets in ricks. This is especially true where the distance is very great or his hauling equipment inadequate. By making the piles large and in the proper way shrinkage would be reduced to a minimum. We expect to demonstrate this on a commercial basis this season.

Orderly harvesting of the crop during October will prove the best means of keeping down costs and increasing net returns.

Canadian Sugar Factories Ltd.
By Frank R. Taylor.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that any person or persons owning land within the Town of Raymond, injuriously affected by the construction of cement sidewalks within the Town of Raymond by the Council of the said Town shall file with the Secretary-Treasurer of the Town of Raymond at his office in the said town within fifteen days after the publication of this notice his, or their claim, or claims in writing for damages, stating the amount and particulars of such damage. The last day upon which any claim may be filed in pursuance of this notice is the 15th day of October A. D., 1926.

This notice is published in pursuance of Section 230 of the Town's Act, being Chapter 108, R. S. A., 1922, and amendments thereto.

O. H. SNOW,
Sec.-Treas.,
Town of Raymond.



REX THEATRE

TONIGHT & SATURDAY

Too Much Money

With ANNA Q. NILSSON

Adults 30c

Children 15c

MONDAY and TUESDAY

WITHOUT MERCY

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY next

Return Engagement of

The Ten Commandments

Your last chance to see the greatest picture ever filmed

Adults 45c

Children 25c

FRIDAY and SATURDAY next

ZANE GREY'S "FORLORN RIVER"

Coming Friday and Saturday, Oct. 15 and 16

DEMPSEY-TUNNEY FIGHT PICTURES

Continuous showing starting at 4.15 p. m.

How Proud You Will Feel

To see your boy in one of these new suits

We have a splendid assortment in Tweeds, English Saxony and Serge. Neat patterns in new and pleasing shades

The latest styles in coats with vest and long trousers

With every suit we are going to give the boy his choice of one of our NEW CAPS FREE

These caps we have just received

Now is the time to get that new suit for fall

Bennett & Co. Ltd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

Saturday Specials

Trulygood Chocolates assorted reg 60c lb	39c
Rileys Toffee assorted reg 60c lb	39c
Chocolate Bars	6 for 25c

Melbaline Face Powder	35c
Melba Boquet Face Powder	60c
Melba Lov'me Face Powder	\$1.00

The Raymond Pharmacy

P. W. COPE

Stationery

—School Supplies—

Drugs

See the Want Ads for Bargains

FOR SALE—Two-room house and lot. Located across the street from the Walker residence. Easy terms. Apply to Mrs. Ross Ballard, Raymond.

Pres. H. S. Allen and O. H. Snow left for Salt Lake City this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Brewerton of Sunburst were visitors here this week.

To Build Mills In Canada For The Manufacture Of Artificial Silk From Pulpwood

When we gaze on a great forest tree it is not easy to visualize it in terms of rich cloth and silken raiment. And yet man, not content with silk, cotton, wool, linen and a number of lesser sources of clothing material, now employs wood for the manufacture of the latest textiles—artificial silk, or rayon, as it is called by the trade. The basis of all artificial silk is cellulose, and cellulose is the principal constituent of wood.

As long ago as 1883, Count Hilaire de Charnouet produced artificial silk commercially, but it has taken many years of incessant labor to bring the various processes to that stage of perfection which is essential to commercial success. That the industry has now become a great undertaking is shown by the fact that the world's production in tons has risen from 7,500 in 1909 to an estimated 100,000 for this year.

The general principle underlying the manufacturing methods is the treatment of the cellulose with chemical reagents to give a gelatinous solution which can be forced through a number of minute nozzles into a bath of solution (or in one process into air). This solution causes the coagulation of the liquid emerging from the nozzles and thus creates the actual filaments of artificial silk, though the material has to pass through several other stages, varying with the process, before it finally emerges as that glistening transparent gossamer to which we are now so accustomed, but which would have amazed many a nineteenth century grandmother.

The possibilities for rayon manufacture in Canada, with her vast pulpwood areas, are enormous. The countries which were first to develop the industry, however, were not those which possessed much raw material, but those which already had the organization, the equipment and the markets for a big textile industry. Thus, shortly before the war, France, already predominant in the manufacture of natural silk, took the lead, followed by Switzerland. Now the big producers and exporters are the United States, Great Britain and the countries of Central Europe that are prominent in the natural silk trade.

For a good many years Canada has supplied much of the sulphite pulp used for that purpose in these countries. In 1922 the natural resources (intelligence) service of the Canadian department of the interior published a report drawing attention to the unusually favorable conditions for the development within the Dominion of artificial silk manufacturing in its entirety. The following year Court, and, Ltd., largest manufacturers in the United Kingdom, sent engineers to Canada to investigate these representations, with the result that a plant was established in Cornwall, Ontario, in 1924, at a cost of \$2,500,000.

This would appear to be but the preliminary of many others. Canadian Celanese, Ltd., capitalized at \$7,000,000, is now constructing a plant at Drummondville, Quebec, and the Howard Smith Paper Mills have formed a subsidiary company called the Canadian Cellulose Company, which will be operated at Cornwall, Ontario. A new concern, the Canadian Rayon Pulp Company, is erecting a \$2,000,000 rayon plant at New Westminster, B.C. The B.C. Pulp and Paper Company, formerly the Whalen Pulp and Paper Company, operating pulp mills in British Columbia, has been carrying on chemical research for some time in the utilization of hemlock for the production of cellulose and certain results and conclusions have been reached which, it is stated, may determine the company to proceed with installation of a new plant for the manufacture of this sort of pulp. Many other companies variously located from the Maritime Provinces to the Pacific Coast are also taking steps or considering means to enter this field which is so profitable, so large, and which Canadian resources, both of wood reserves and natural power supplies, are particularly adapted to support.

B.C. Whaling Fleet Active

During the past twelve years, 7,619 whales have been taken by the British Columbia whaling fleet. The largest yearly catch in the period was 1,198 and the lowest 187. There are now a number of plants established on Vancouver Island devoted to canning whale meat as well as utilizing bones, etc., in the manufacture of various by-products for which there is a considerable demand.

It isn't easy for a man to keep cool when it is up to him to choose between the frying pan and the fire.

W. N. P. 1917

Win Butter Prizes

Saskatchewan Buttermakers Are Successful At Toronto Exhibition

Saskatchewan buttermakers won many prizes at both the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto and the Central Canada Exhibition at Ottawa. At both exhibitions the prizes were awarded on the group system and Saskatchewan buttermakers were near the top of the list in practically every class.

"Saskatchewan won 17 prizes, seven of which were firsts, at the Canadian National show, an accomplishment of which Saskatchewan buttermakers may justly feel proud," said P. E. Steed, provincial dairy commissioner, in commenting upon the success of the creameries of this province at the big eastern fairs, coming on the heels of the big winnings recently at Vancouver. The showing at Ottawa, where there were not nearly so many entries from this province, is also said to be very creditable.

Influenza In North

Taking Heavy Toll Among Natives Near Arctic Circle

Influenza is taking a heavy toll among the natives of Canadian and Alaskan territories bordering on the Arctic Ocean, according to Captain Karl Kleinberg, owner and master of the fur trading schooner Old Maid No. 2, which returned to Vancouver from a voyage as far as Victorland. In a sparsely settled district near Herschel, according to the captain, one hundred men and women had died when he was there in July, and at Coronation Gulf, there had been thirty-five deaths and many were seriously ill.

Although the captain said the fur catch in the western arctic last winter was not good, owing to the sufferings of the natives of influenza, he expected his fur cargo to be worth \$100,000. He plans to dispose of it on the Seattle Fur Exchange.

Strawberries In Saskatchewan

Grown In Commercial Quantities In The Nipawin District

Strawberry growing in commercial quantities north of latitude 55, is the proud accomplishment of the Nipawin district in Saskatchewan. The plant has been successfully grown there for the past 12 years, but owing to lack of transportation facilities until the autumn of 1924, when the Tufford-Peluce Albert extension of the Canadian Pacific Railway was completed, it did not become a commercial industry.

In 1925 several thousand 25-quart cases were shipped, some of them finding their way as far as Winnipeg and Regina. This year the production is expected to be nearly double that of last season.

Maple Sugar Output

Unseasonable Weather Cuts Down Production This Year

Owing to the unseasonable weather during the tapping season, the production of maple syrup and sugar in Canada this year showed a decrease as compared with the figures for the previous year. The quantity of maple sugar produced in 1926 amounted to 7,137,393 pounds, valued at \$1,320,837, as contrasted with 10,496,262 pounds, worth \$1,847,672 in 1925. Maple syrup output totalled 1,746,570 gallons, valued at \$3,575,538, as against 1,673,093 gallons, valued at \$3,440,226 last year. The province of Quebec continues to produce over half of the total Dominion production of maple syrup and sugar.

Coal Production For June

The output of coal from Canadian mines for the month of June was 47 per cent. greater than the average for that month of the five previous years, the monthly report of the Dominion bureau of statistics announces. The figures were 1,387,940 tons in June as against 1,138,738 tons in May and an average of 941,942 tons for the month of June during the five preceding years.

Couldn't Fool Him

A woman was having difficulty in teaching her new Chinese servant how to receive calling cards. She went outside and entered her own card. The next day two women callers presented their cards. Comparing them with that of his mistress, the Chinaman replied, "Tickets no good. Can't come in."—The Outlook.

The one country in Europe that lies outside the pale of copyright is Yugoslavia.

Add Billion To Income

Products Of Farms Of Western Canada Add To National Wealth

In a recent dispatch to the Toronto Globe, W. L. Smith, special correspondent of The Globe, and a former editor of the Farmer's Sun, estimates that approximately \$1,000,000,000 will be added to Canada's income this year, directly and indirectly, from the products of the farms of Western Canada.

Last year's wheat crop was worth \$100,000,000 to the growers, and it put the west in the prosperity column. Mr. Smith believes it is a fair assumption that this year the return will not be less. "Western Canada is going into general farming more fully than in the past, and livestock, poultry, dairy products and vegetables will pile up the money returns at every point of handling. Altogether a round billion is in sight," states Mr. Smith.

The prospect is encouraging for the whole of Canada. Last year the field crops of the country were valued at \$1,112,691,000. The east this year will again increase materially the west's contribution to national wealth.

Will Pay Prizes

Alberta Department Of Agriculture Will Grant Honorariums To Prize Winners

The usual honorarium for grand championships and first prizes won by Alberta exhibitors at the Chicago International Exhibition to be held the first week of next December, will be paid this year by the Alberta department of agriculture. The honorarium for a grand championship is \$150, and for a first prize is \$100, to the International Hay and Grain Show. The exhibitors from Alberta for this show will be collected by the department at the government seed cleaning plant, and the department will pay the freight or express on these exhibits from Edmonton to Chicago and return, and will arrange to put the exhibits in place. The special prizes offered by the department are for threshed grains, grass seed, clover seeds, baled hay, alfalfa, corn on the cob, etc.

Desirable Trait In "Huskies"

One Of Most Important Is Learning To Halt On Command

In Alaska a good team of "huskies" now brings \$500 to \$700, depending upon their strength and the efficiency of their training. One of the most desirable traits in a dog used for team work is his training to halt immediately upon command. Prompt halting is necessary because the great danger of sled travel is the air holes in the ice. To teach them they are often allowed to plunge into an ice hold trap so that the chilly bath may be remembered.

Sheep

The average amount of "absolute rest" that is gotten during a night's sleep is only 11½ minutes according to Prof. H. M. Johnson, of the Mellon Institute at Pittsburgh. The remainder of the time he says there is usually muscular or mental action, such as take place during a dream. Seven and three-quarter hours of sleep is plenty for any normal man or woman, the scientist declares.—New York World.

Highlanders Present "Big Horn's" Head



This magnificent mounted head of a Rocky Mountain sheep was presented recently to Lt.-Colonel C. P. James, D.S.O., commanding the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders at Parkhurst, Isle of Wight, by Colonel Sir George McFaren Brown, K.C.M., European general manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The head was sent forward from Banff by the 1st Battalion C.E.F. in commemoration of the fact that they have become allied with the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders. Sir George is an honorary member of the Officers' Mess of the Calgary Highlanders.

The trophy has been dispatched to Strling Castle depot and has been hung in the Officers' Mess there.

Planning For World's Poultry Congress

Many Nations Sending Delegates To Ottawa Next Summer

Sixteen foreign countries have already accepted invitations to send delegates to the world's poultry congress, to be held in Ottawa next summer. It was stated at a meeting of the congress preparatory committee at the Canadian National Exhibition.

Reports were received from committee members on different features of the congress and all reported progress in their work of arranging for the largest gathering of poultry authorities that has ever taken place in the Dominion.

The United States has agreed to send 1,000 automobiles to take part in the tour which is being arranged from United States border points to Ottawa and the American Poultry Association will stage one of the largest foreign exhibits to be presented at the congress.

Russia is sending a large delegation. Royalty will be represented at the show, the Prince of Wales having decided to exhibit.

Lord Willingdon, Canada's new governor-general, will be the chief patron of the congress.

Arrangements have been made to take a number of the foreign delegates on a tour of Canada from coast to coast.

Prefer Canadian Wheat

Purchasing Agent From Cuba Buys Canadian Goods

Canadian hard spring wheat is preferred to all other varieties in Cuba according to J. E. Gonzales, purchasing agent for the Government of Cuba, who was recently in Montreal buying Canadian goods for his country. The annual exports of Canada to Cuba total in value nearly \$9,000,000. When in Montreal, Mr. Gonzales arranged for the purchase of \$2,725,000 worth of potatoes for later delivery. He will also buy quantities of flour, hay, oats and other products.

It will be only a few years before the annual Cuban consumption of Canadian grain will assume much larger proportions, said Mr. Gonzales. A project was on foot to erect large flour mills at Havana, and, when those were finished, the demand for Canadian hard wheat would be more than quadrupled.

Knew Them All

The Girl—Hello, Nellie speaking; who is this?

Voice on the Telephone.—Ludwig, sweetheart.

Who? I can't understand you.

Ludwig.—I for Ludwig, L for Ulrich, D for Dietrich, W for William, I for Ignatz, G for George—

Now, dearest, just which one of the six are you? Fliegende Blätter, Munich.

Beer Consumption Lower In Germany
Germany, once known as a nation of beer and coffee drinkers, is turning to cocoa and chocolate. The high price of a stein of beer, the government reports, has cut the annual consumption from 102 liters for every man, woman and child to 75 liters. Coffee consumption has been cut in half, the average cost per pound being about one dollar.

Farming Is The Fundamental Source Of Canada's Wealth And Basis Of Our Prosperity

A Little Known Industry

Mining For Timber Has Become Important Business

Digging in the earth for minerals is no new thing, but it is not generally known that mining for timber has been carried on as an important and lucrative business. In a wide swamp near Chicago quantities of white oak logs are being recovered, the remains of a great forest that was submerged seven or eight thousand years ago. Although the outer layers of wood have decayed, some chemical agent in the soil has made the remainder hard and durable and given it a delicate color, for which it is much prized. Gold prospectors on the Charlotte Plains in Australia recently discovered in the bed of a river long since dried up, a valuable deposit of timber known as the she-nak. Many of the logs unearthed had the appearance of having been cut and trimmed by human agency. This wood is also noted for its toughness, and is employed in the manufacture of ornaments and toilet articles. In the peat bogs in Ireland deposits of bog-oak are frequently encountered. This substance is jet black and exceptionally hard, and provides a profitable industry for the inhabitants, who fashion it into ornaments, pipes, crosses, and so on.

Should Eat Little Meat

Drink More Milk and Add Eight Years to Life

By drinking more milk and eating less meat men could add eight years to the "span" of his life worth most to himself and to the world. H. C. Sherman, professor of chemistry at Columbia university, stated in a recent address.

The adequate diet determined by recent research work in nutrition, he said, prescribes more milk and less meat to increase individual efficiency and vitality. The public health movement promises to augment the life span by eight years, and this increase could be doubled. Professor Sherman thinks, by a universal shift in diet.

Honey Yield In Alberta

Beekeeping Business Has Yielded Good Returns This Season

The beekeeping business of Alberta, which is centered mainly in the irrigated district around Lethbridge and Stirling has brought good returns this season. In the locality named the yield is estimated at more than a hundred tons from 3,000 colonies. Last year most of the local honey was wholesaled at 15 cents per pound. This year a price of better than 16 cents is being received despite the larger local crop. This is due to the fact that the Ontario crop of white honey is only 10 per cent. of last year's output in that province.

To Study Conditions

British Board of Trade Delegates To See Canada

Sir William Mackenzie, chairman of the board of trade delegation which is to make a study of industrial conditions on this continent, has arrived at Quebec from Liverpool, accompanied by F. W. Lofton, assistant secretary of labor, I. H. Mitchell, conciliation officer of the industry of labor, and H. C. Emerson, who will act as secretary of the delegation. They will be several weeks on this continent, visiting numerous centres in Canada and the United States.

Hay Exports Vary

One of the most variable Canadian export products is hay, according to the natural resources intelligence service of the department of the interior. Exports of hay vary roughly between 50,000 and 500,000 tons annually, chiefly to the United States, Britain, France, Newfoundland and the West Indies. In the latter islands Canadian hay has to meet competition from sugar cane leaves which is used as a fodder and sold at very low prices.

Wrap Parcels In Silk

To "carry your package home" in Japan is the matter of course thing to do. If it is a "lady of high degree" she will produce from the capacious depths of her kimono sleeve a lovely time-softened old silken length that may have come direct from the Seven Thousand Gods of Japan or from Hon. Ancestors. It is considered ill-bred and common to a degree to carry a bare package through the streets.

Special beds, tables and chairs are now provided for tall men and women at a London hotel.

A tour through any good agricultural section of Canada in the fall of the year impresses one with the fact that the greatest and most inexhaustible source of Canada's wealth is in Canadian soil. The countryside is one great panoramic picture of grain crops, growing forage and livestock feeding contentedly on a thousand hillsides, meadows and pastures. The actual cash value of all this production exceeds two billion dollars annually, and strange as it may seem this large mass of wealth is achieved without exhausting any natural resources or depleting any storehouse to which succeeding generations are entitled.

Economists point with pride to the industrial skyline of Canadian cities, but there we find labor expended on what the farmer has already produced or on the raw material, the taking of which is exhausting our forests and our mines. For the year ended June 30, 1926, Canada exported farm products to the value of \$847,206,874, or over \$5,000,000 more than the total export trade of the Dominion ten years ago. There is almost one billion dollars' worth of goods added to the wealth of Canada without depletion or exhaustion of any natural resource. It was taken from the soil, air and sunshine, just as future generations may take it in still greater volume if correct methods are practiced.

Everything possible and economically practicable should be done to encourage manufacturing and commerce, in order to maintain a proper economic balance within the nation. But the great basic industry in Canada is agriculture; farming is the fundamental source of wealth; the soil is the basis of our prosperity. Farmers' Advocate.

Enough Apples For Everyone

One Barrel of Apples For Every Three Persons

In relation to population Canada and the United States will each produce this year one barrel of apples for about every three persons of the population. The commercial apple crop of Canada is placed at 3,000,000 barrels. The Dominion's population is 9,000,000 in round figures.

In the United States the apple crop is estimated at 40,000,000 barrels. In Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, the principal fruit-growing districts of Eastern Canada, the apple crop this year is slightly lower than last year, but is 20 per cent. more in British Columbia than a year ago. The production in 1926 in British Columbia will total over 1,200,000 barrels. A considerable part of the Canadian apple crop is exported to other countries where it finds a ready market. The fruit is sold principally through co-operative organizations of fruit farmers.

Where Women Are In Demand

Are Outnumbered By Men In Australia, New Zealand and South Africa

In England there are 1,096 females to every 1,000 males, but the proportion of women in Australia is only 976 per 1,000 men, in New Zealand 957 in South Africa 943, and in Canada as low as 940—that is to say, while 96 per 1,000 women in England must remain spinsters the dominions have large numbers of marriageable men doomed to bachelorhood. In Australia the ill-fated bachelors, according to the latest figures, number about 50,000, in New Zealand 27,000, in South Africa 14,000 (these are whites only), and in Canada 270,000, a total of 421,000 overseas men who must either marry wives outside the dominions or not marry at all.

Too Many Books

Far too many books are published and the majority of them are of the most ephemeral interest and are forgotten within a few months of their appearance. The world would be just as well off if nine tenths of the books now penned never saw the light of day. And yet once a book attains the dignity of print it achieves a sort of immortality, no matter how poor it is.—London Daily Mail.

A Libelous Word

A Pennsylvania court has decided that when one calls another "profrumacyzli" he libels him. It seems that the word means "stealer" or "slanderer," but one need not know that to feel sure that the epithet is libelous. It has the look of a scandalous insult. Youth's Companion.

The first power looms in the world for making carpets were set up at Lowell, Mass., in 1829.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

The Federated Malay States have given \$10,000,000 towards the cost of the naval base at Singapore.

The up-to-date successor of the horse thief has been discovered with a report made by a New York aviator that his plane was stolen while he was at dinner.

The British Government have appropriated \$1,000,000 for publicity in connection with the British Industries Fair in London and Birmingham from February 21 to March 4 next.

Mrs. Clara Von Kazdipolyan, Gyro, Rumania, celebrated her 120th birthday by taking her great, great, great grandchild for his first walk, and baking six pies.

Germany and Sweden have agreed to abolish passport visas beginning Oct. 1. Similar abolitions between Germany and Luxembourg and Portugal became effective Sept. 1.

A cable from Paris announces the appointment of Dr. Paul Garneau, of Quebec, to the post of foreign assistant in the service of Dr. A. Gosset, one of the most prominent surgeons in France.

"Our Lady of the Air" has been consecrated as the patron saint of the aviators of Portugal. It is a beautiful image of the Virgin Mary, with arms uplifted toward heaven, and it stands in a tiny chapel erected for it in the Chitra aviation camp.

Special dispatches say two men, Samuel McGeorge and Joaquim de Silva, have been summarily court-martialed and executed at Tlingit, in the state of Michigan, on charges of seditious propaganda in connection with the religious question.

The Soviet has appointed a special commission to formulate laws and regulations dealing with opium, for the purpose of investing the state with complete control of the manufacture, import and distribution of it and its derivatives.

The Queen of Rumania will be one of the least pretentious passengers when she sails to the United States, members of her suite declared, denying reports circulated that she had refused to accept passage on a steamer that would not give her the royal suite or cabin.

In the presence of air attaches of the great powers of the world, a glider new hydroplane with five motors generating 2,100 horsepower made its maiden flight in France. With a load of 11,000 pounds, the plane attained a speed of 90 miles an hour. It takes to the air from the water in 50 seconds.

Britain Buys From Canada

Increase in Exports to United Kingdom as Shown

An increase of \$107,554,865 in the value of Canadian domestic goods exported to Great Britain during the twelve months ended July 31, last, as compared with the preceding twelve months' period, is shown in the trade summaries issued through the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Exports of Canadian produce to Great Britain during the twelve months that ended at the date reached a total valuation of \$512,064,822, while from the corresponding period of 1925 they amounted to \$404,509,957.

Imports from the United Kingdom during the twelve months under review were valued at \$162,349,513 as against \$154,157,625 in the twelve months that ended July 31, 1925.

Nothing Impossible

Sam was an old southern dorky whose amiability would never permit him to acknowledge a thing could not be done, even though he was utterly at a loss as to procedure. He was called by a tenant in the flat where he was janitor to examine a leaky pipe. "Now, I could find that leak," he said, scratching a bewildered head, then added in a burst of inspiration, "I could just locate it." Indian, pulls News.

Honey Industry Growing

Concomitant progress has been made in bee culture in the western provinces during recent years. One beekeeper in Alberta produced more honey during 1925 than was produced by the entire province in 1924. In Manitoba the honey crop tripled in three years, and in Saskatchewan the reported crop of 1924 was over sixty-six times as large as that of 1918.

Sending Reindeer to Seattle

For Christmas advertising in the United States, 225 live reindeer were loaded on the S.S. W. M. Tupper, at Bethel, on the Kuskokwim River of Alaska. More than 1,000 reindeer carcasses and canned, smoked and pickled fish will be taken to Seattle by the Tupper.

W. N. U. 1647

"IDEAL
fashions"
by
Jean-Belle Hamilton

The Cape Frock An Established Vogue

The cape has become a part of every phase of the mode, and is no where more smart than when used on the street frock, as pictured in this model of navy trimmed with polka-dotted silk. The cape is separate, but so flattering you will never want to take it off. It has a long collar of its own to be tied at the neck, or the ends crossed, one at the back and one at the front. The frock is deep-cut in straight, with a tailored collar ending in long revers, and a set-in panel. The tight sleeves are set-in at the armhole, and a wide belt is crumpled into a big buckle. No. 1299 is for the rules and small women. Size 18 years (36 bust) requires 3½ yards 54-inch plain material, and 1½ yards 54-inch plaid material, and 1½ yards 54-inch figured. Price 20 cents.

The secret of distinctive dress lies in good taste rather than a lavish expenditure of money. Every woman should want to make her own clothes, and the home dressmaker will find the designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book to be practical and simple, yet maintaining the style of the mode of the moment. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Office,
175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. _____ Size _____

Name _____

Town _____

Radio Stations Protest

Says Canadian Wave Lengths Pre-empted by U. S. Stations

Radio stations in the United States are pre-empting Canadian wave lengths and thereby preventing the opening of more Canadian stations. This charge was made at a meeting of the National Association of Broadcasters held in New York by A. R. McEwan, radio director of the Canadian National Railways.

World's Largest Cable Landed

The world's largest cable, 3,100 nautical miles in length, capable of handling 2,500 words a minute between the United States and England, has been landed at New York. The cable was brought ashore by the largest cable ship in the world, the Columbia, for the Western Union Telegraph and Cable Company, completing a three months' task.

Too Late

Sophia, aged eight, to grandpa: "Grandpa —"
Grandpa (severely): "Little girls should listen and not talk."
At the end of the dinner Grandpa, in a gentler mood, calls the child and asks: "What was it you wanted, dear?"

"Too late, Grandpa; there was a fly in the salad, and you ate it."

Big Steam Plant

Announcement is made that the East Kootenay Power Company will spend \$1,000,000 in the construction of a steam plant on the Alberta side of the Alberta-British Columbia boundary at Crow's Nest. The work will be started this fall. The plant will utilize coal from the adjacent mines in the Crow's Nest Pass.

The only thing that some people learn from experience is what fools they have been.

Take Drastic Measures

United States Mail Clerks Get Orders To Shoot To Kill

"Shoot to kill" orders have been issued to 22,500 railway mail clerks as a drastic means of protecting the precious postal treasure from bandits the United States post office department has announced.

If this method of defensive warfare against the underworld proves inadequate, post office department authorities indicated the United States Marines might be called in again to guard the mails, as they did in 1921.

The command not only applies to railway mail clerks, but to all postal employees, and is intended as a warning to bandits who make a business of robbing mail trains. The order instructs all employees to defend mail property even at the expense of their own lives.

The recent Chicago hold-up, when \$135,000 in currency was stolen, is said to have inspired the order. Postmaster-General New issued the command after a sudden conference with postal experts.

Holland Made Tulip Popular

Government Had to Stop Boom For Bulb Growing

The tulip, called by the Turks the urban flower, was brought to England from Vienna in the later years of the reign of Queen Elizabeth. If Holland cannot claim it is a native, there is no doubt that the Dutch contributed in large measure to its popularity. During the tulip mania of the 17th century bulbs in Holland were worth their weight in gold, and in 1639, 120 specimens were sold for 50,000 florins. Finally the government had to intervene to stop the boom, for bulb growing was beginning to hamper agriculture.

Goes Back To Potsdam

German Anti-Republicans Glad To Have Former Crown Prince

Former Crown Prince Friedrich Wilhelm has arrived at Potsdam, the favorite residence of his ancestor, Frederick the Great, and now a fortress of the German anti-Republicans who are delighted to have a Hohenzollern there again.

The former crown prince, who hitherto has been living the life of a country squire in his castle at Oels, which may be taken away from him as a result of the government's measures in connection with the former German prince's property, says he intends to live a "quiet, secluded life."

More Appropriate

"In your sermon you spoke of a baby as a new wave on the ocean of life," remarked Mr. Youngblood. "Quite so," replied the clergyman. "A perfect figure of speech." "Don't you think," suggested the harassed member of his flock, "that a fresh squall would hit the mark better?"

When a single girl asks a single man if he smokes, the plot begins to thicken.

A Little Miss and a Big Man



Though her proximity to a life belt might seem to indicate certain fears of the broad bosom of the Atlantic on the part of Miss Mary Ferguson Lawson, aged 5, of Winnipeg, you would be wrong in supposing it, since the young lady has merely taken up this position for purposes of photography. Like many more experienced travelers, Miss Lawson chose the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Scotland, with which, of course, are included her commander, R. G. Latta, and her purser, J. Walker Bartlett (the tall man)—as the most satisfactory means of trans-Atlantic locomotion for a young and unaccompanied voyager. For all three, the ship the skipper and the purser, have seen most of the great ports of the world, as well as many of its out-of-the-way corners on numerous cruises, and have traversed the Atlantic many a time.

Mary was born in Winnipeg, but lived with her mother in England. Now her mother is dead and she is going to live with an uncle, R. W. Ferguson, at Woodstock, Ont.

Want British Films

Six Princes Associated in Plan To Break U. S. Motion Picture Monopoly in India

Six Indian princes are associated in a scheme to spend \$4,000,000 in an attempt to break America's motion picture monopoly in India and open a new market for British productions.

The plan is to organize a chain of 300 theatres, showing only English films in the principal cities of India.

The Aga Khan and the Maharajahs of Alwar, Patial, Bikanir, Jalpur and Kashmir are donating funds to the movement, but declare they are not interested in the profits.

Hungarian Peasants Sell Children

Sale of children by Hungarian peasants is said to be so common, due to the terrible plight of the peasantry, that regular market prices exist. The maximum price of 23 is paid for children of from thirteen to fifteen years. The buyers are farmers looking for cheap, unprotected labor.

Early Golfer: Notice any improvement since last year?

Caddy: Had your clubs shined up, haven't you?

An Expert at the Game



"Billy Reith, famous British pro, and his wife, who have come to Canada to make their home here. They were photographed on board the Cunard liner Albatross just before she docked at Montreal last Monday. Mr. Reith has been pro at the Eltham Golf Club, Eltham, Kent, for nearly 35 years, and is an expert in every phase of the game.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SEPTEMBER 26

EARLY LEADERS OF ISRAEL

Golden Text: Let us run with patience the race that is set before us, looking unto Jesus the author and perfecter of our faith. Hebrews 12:1, 2.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 105:1-8.

A Review By Means of Allusions

As you read each allusion, find out how many pupils recognize it, and let one pupil explain it. Then rapidly ask a few questions about the lesson which the allusion recalls.

"God tells us this by Horeb's rock,
And hunger in the wilderness;
Yet at our feeblest, faintest knock,
He waits to bless."

Angels of Life and Death alike are his,
Without his leave they pass no threshold o'er.—Longfellow.

Look you, the sins of the fathers are to be laid upon the children.—Shakespeare.

Do not wall with words unspoken,
While life's daily bread is broken—
Gentle speech is off like manna from the skies.

—Margaret E. Sangster.

For us the Lord's Supper means not only that the destroying forces pass over us and leave us in safety, but that the gracious, loving God sees in our spiritual sharing of the sufferings of Christ an invitation to him to enter our lives.—Bishop McConnell.

Thirty-five centuries have passed since the first recorded persecution of the Israelites, and only yesterday the gutters in Russian villages were running with their blood; yet civilization has still to learn the lesson that the Jew can be destroyed only by kindness.—Lawrence Langer.

Manitoba Grown Hemp

Numerous Articles Now Manufactured From Local Products

A striking display of the products of Manitoba hemp is on display in the Canadian colonization offices on Main street. This exhibit, put up by the L. R. Keys Fibre Mills, consists of green hemp straw, fibre flax grown at the M.A.C. Russian hemp and sweet clover straw. Samples also of dew and water-proofed hemp and green-flax and upholstering tow are on show. The different types of cord, running from flax rope made from flax straw, through hempen clothes lines, garden lines, binder twines and smaller cords, as well as roofing felts, oakum and flax felts, are a few of the products which are exhibited.—Free Press.

English Nurse Is Plucky

Nearest Neighbor In Central Africa Five Days' Walk Distant

To the leper colony in Central Africa an attractive young lady has gone from her home at Penn. Staffordshire, taking with her a stock of new "Moeagra" serum, which is believed to effect a cure of the dread disease. She is a medical missionary, whose headquarters are at Zomba, on Lake Nyassa. She is the only nurse in a radius of 60 miles, and her nearest neighbor is five days' walk distant. "Leopards and lions walk around the house at night," she states, "but I am not afraid, because there are skilled hunters to deal with them." Just before she left to visit England eight man-eating lions killed 30 villagers, but they were all eventually trapped.

Terror As a Check

As long as there are persons who hold that a murder trial is a mere battle of wits, instead of a stern process of justice, it must be expected that sentences of surprising leniency in proportion to the crime will sometimes be imposed. Not until murder becomes so prevalent that people are thoroughly frightened will they regard gangsters as dangerous public enemies, who must be put where they can do no more harm. This point of terror appears to be rapidly approaching.—New York Herald Tribune.

Cement Production Shows Increase

A statement issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics at Ottawa states that the value of cement products made in Canada during 1925 amounted to \$2,020,239, an increase of 61 per cent. over the \$1,257,871 produced in the previous year and 34 per cent. over the \$1,505,528 reported for 1923.

Plants making cement products such as bricks, building blocks, pipe, artificial stone, etc., represented a capital investment of \$2,594,736.

Keep Animals On Roof

A Lima shoe dealer was killed recently when a cow fell through the roof of his house into the dining room. Animals often are kept on top of houses in Peru, and it frequently happens that a cow passes her whole life on a roof, being taken down as a calf and finally brought down as a fresh beef.

The population of the earth doubles

itself in 250 years.

A man never grows when he gets the lion's share.

The Value Of a Farmer

By Chas. W. Peterson

There is no subject which should interest the smaller towns all over Canada than the development of their rural trading areas to the greatest possible extent. A study of the value to Canada of a farmer is illuminating. It is shown that over 163 million dollars have been brought to this country in cash and effects by immigrants. This new wealth has played its important part in the development of the country. Prof. Irving Fisher calculates that the productive value of the average individual to the state is \$3,000. The average new-born child has a money value of \$95—the value increasing to \$4,000 by twenty years and dropping to \$2,900 at fifty years of age, according to accepted calculations.

Canadian railways are vitally interested in ascertaining the traffic value of a settler. Some years ago able statisticians obtained as a basis, the percentage of their whole freight traffic derived from agriculture (horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, wheat, oats, barley, flax) coal, and in and outgoing passenger revenue, and divided the number of settlers into the figures given. Employing statistics of the Dominion railway commission, the exact percentages of each of the railways were worked out, based on the total grain tonnage for the year between 1st of September, 1915, and the 31st August, 1916. Total for the three prairie provinces alone for the four classes of revenue above referred to was \$163,516,318. In 1916 there were 219,105 farmers in those provinces and the division of one total by the other places the settler's value at \$746.33. Assuming, therefore, that all traffic should be credited to the settler, that sum is the average amount each farmer put into the revenue of the railroad. \$746.33 capitalized at 5½ per cent., being interest government is paying on its Victory Bonds, gives a return of \$13,569.63—the value of each average farmer to Canada.

If we capitalize that portion of the national income which is ascribable to human effort it is found to be from six to eight times all property value. The total amount of life insurance in force is only a fraction of this capitalized value. We may, therefore, readily come to the conclusion that Canada's "vital" asset is easily our greatest. If so, it seems to follow that reasonable public expenditure devoted to the task of adding to this asset by intelligently promoting immigration to this country, must be regarded as an excellent national business investment. The immediate beneficiary is the small town.

Chicken Shooting Banned

Order-in-Council is Passed by Manitoba Government

Prairie chicken throughout Manitoba will enjoy a further lease of immunity from hostile snipers, as result of an order-in-council passed recently by the provincial government. The season has been declared closed in respect of prairie chicken, partridge and any grouse throughout the province, making the second year in succession this inhibition has been imposed upon shooters, and hopes are voiced in governmental circles that the results will justify the action. The open season for duck shooting will continue until Nov. 30. The quota per gun is 20 a day from Sept. 15 until Oct. 1, and thereafter 40 a day until the open season closes.—Free Press.

Had Best of Argument

A story is told concerning Father Bernard Vaughan when he was touring in America. A boastful American at St. Louis said to him one day, "Look at our Mississippi and Hudson Rivers. Why, in comparison with them, your Mersey and Severn and Thames are sleepy, sickly streams."

"Oh," said Father Vaughan, "I think yours are just as sickly as ours." "How do you make that out?" inquired the American. "Well, they are all confined to their beds," replied Father Vaughan.

Rations For Elephants

Tame elephants, many of which are beasts of burden in the Orient, eat an enormous quantity of food. A full grown elephant in domesticity will eat on an average a thousand pounds of green fodder and not less than 25 pounds of unhusked rice daily. The problem of properly feeding a tame elephant is a big one.

Still Applies To Some

Many a person who is a small eater has feelingly been described as having "a bird's appetite." How inaccurate this designation is may be gleaned when one learns that many birds eat several times their own weight each day.

Opportunity knocks but once, but your tried and true friends knock all the time.

Estimated 1,200 Dead In Hurricane That Swept Coast Of Florida

Jacksonville, Fla.—Estimates of the loss from the hurricane which swept over lower Florida amounted to over 1,200 in revised figures from the storm-stricken area.

The casualty list in the Miami section, which bore the brunt of the storm, was placed at 801 by Jerry H. Owen, general superintendent of the Florida East Coast Railway. He estimated 500 dead in Miami, 250 in Hollywood, and 51 in Hialeah, both of the latter places being suburbs of Miami.

Other reports placed the dead in Fort Lauderdale at 100 and in the Moonhaven section at 140.

As relief workers penetrated the storm section and where were repaired, additional reports saw the death list from the most terrible of Florida's storms mount rapidly.

With more than 38,000 people homeless and the injured placed at more than 2,000, first efforts were given to reaching the people with food and medical supplies, reports from all sections of the district brought stories of suffering and want. It was not possible to obtain anything like accurate check of the dead and injured.

Historic Step Toward European Peace

Deposit of Locarno Treaties With League Ends Mistrust

Geneva, Switzerland.—Another historic step in European reconciliation was taken with the deposit with the secretariat of the League of Nations of the ratifications of the Locarno treaties of security and arbitration. This was followed by an optimistic statement by Gustav Stresemann, the German foreign minister, to the British correspondents that the Locarno accords, now officially merged with the league, have completely changed its political situation in Europe.

"It is," he declared, "the end of the policy of mistrust, and the birth of an era of collaboration."

In the opinion of Dr. Stresemann the big difficulty was in winning over German public opinion to the ideas voiced at Locarno, and he now was convinced that a big majority of his people sincerely believed in the Locarno pact.

Tragedy On Farm

Edmonton.—Poisonous gas at the bottom of a water well is presumed to be responsible for a double tragedy on the farm of Carl Gilbert, four miles southwest of Telfordville, the body of Gilbert and also that of his housekeeper, Edith Seeley, having been found at the bottom of the well, following reports from neighbors that Gilbert had not been seen for a week or more.

Alfonso Pardons Rebel

Madrid.—The commander of the artillery academy at Segovia was sentenced to death by court martial for his participation in the recent revolt of the artillery corps. King Alfonso, however, on the advice of Premier Primo de Rivera and using the royal prerogative, has extended clemency. The news of the action of the king has evoked much praise.

Hard Winter Predicted

Wellesley Hills, Mass.—A long cold winter, heavy snowfalls and severe blizzards with a flock of adverse crops in their wake is on the weather bill of fare for the western hemisphere if the prediction of Herbert H. Brown, of Washington, comes true. Brown made his forecast before the 15th annual business conference here.

Proposal Is Made To Hold A Dominion Conservative Convention

Toronto.—John R. McNicoll, president of the Dominion Conservative Association, issued a statement here indicating that he would ask the opinion of the 41 members of the party executive on the question of holding a Dominion convention.

Mr. McNicoll's statement continued:

"The Conservative national convention held in Toronto, November 19, 1924, which was attended by several hundred representatives from the nine provinces, organized an executive to function when the party interests, it became necessary to call

Wants Seat On League

Claim Is Being Pressed By Irish Free State

Geneva.—A sharp fight is developing in the league for the ninth non-permanent seat on the council which was originally considered as safe for Portugal.

Other probable candidates are Finland on behalf of the Baltic group, Czechoslovakia whose claim is supported by some of the powers in the hope of retaining the valuable services of Premier Benes on the council, as well as Ireland.

Ireland has notified all the dominions' delegates that in spite of their decision not to demand a seat on the council, Ireland is a candidate for the place and that she is best serving the interests of the dominions as a whole by pressing her claim.

In view of this statement, Sir George Foster has appended his declaration that none of the dominions were candidates for the ninth place, making his exception on behalf of Ireland.

Killed By Lightning

Farm House Struck By Bolt and Occupants Perish

Whitby.—A total of four deaths and damage to ungarnered crops, the extent of which will not be determined for some time, were left in the wake of snow, rain and hail storms which swept Western Canada last week.

E. F. Willis, a farmer in the Rama district of Saskatchewan, his wife and two children, were killed when a lightning bolt struck their home during the height of one of the worst electrical storms experienced in that district. The farm house was in a mass of flames when neighbors reached the scene. They were unable to check the fire and the frail dwelling burned to the ground. The bodies of the victims, charred almost beyond recognition, were later removed from the ruins.

Congratulates King

Sir Henry Drayton Says Mr. Meighen's Defeat Is Regrettable

Toronto.—"I congratulate the King party on its return to power," said Sir Henry Drayton, M.P. for West York and acting premier at Ottawa during the absence of Mr. Meighen. "May they, this time, give something worth it for Canada."

Mr. Meighen's defeat, he said, was particularly regrettable. His courage in sticking to his first constituency had been characteristic, although not appreciated. Quebec had remained solid, he said, and this again was a regrettable feature. He thought the vote did not record the thought of Quebec on the real economic and fiscal questions before the country.

Imperial Conference

London.—There is no anticipation here at present that a request will come from Ottawa for a further change in the date of the opening of the imperial conference. Inquiries made by the Canadian Press show that the arrangements already announced for the opening of the conference on October 19 or thereabouts still hold good.

Hungary's New Currency

Budapest.—A new Hungarian currency will come definitely into effect on January 1, 1927, when the 1,000 and 1,000,000 crown (\$1.45 and \$145) notes now in use must disappear from circulation.

Is Again Premier



Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King

Candidates Lose Deposits

Liberal Candidates In Toronto and York Fared Badly

Toronto.—Nine candidates in the Toronto and York districts lost their deposits in the voting, according to the returns compiled. There will be other additions to the total figures, but it is not expected the result will be materially affected.

The Liberal candidates in the Toronto and York losing their deposits were:

Shipway, in Toronto South; Murdoch, in Toronto High Park; Tipling, in Parkdale; Hunter, in West York; Boyd, in Toronto North West; Dr. Walker, in Toronto, Scarborough; and Miss Bennett, in Toronto East. Both Labor candidates—Shimpon in Toronto North West and Macdonald in West Centre—also lost their deposits. Each of the candidates who lost their deposits will forfeit \$200 to the Dominion Government.

Robert Forke Satisfied

Former Leader of Progressive Party Comments On Elections

Brandon.—"The federal election results are very satisfactory," declared Robert Forke, former leader of the Progressive party, when interviewed.

Mr. Forke, who regained his seat in Brandon, having the endorsement of both the Liberal and Progressive parties, added the results were particularly gratifying both from a Dominion and provincial viewpoint.

The former Progressive leader had no comment to make when asked about rumors from Ottawa that he might enter the cabinet of Right Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King.

Family Settlement Plan

Lord Clarendon Says Scheme Provides Canada With Picked British Settlers

Montreal.—"A conspicuous success," was how Lord Clarendon regarded the 3,000 family settlement scheme which has provided Canada with a flow of picked British settlers during the past two seasons. Lord Clarendon was in Montreal en route to the Maritime Provinces. He said he would return home in favor of renewal of this form of settlement, which was to his mind the best kind of colonization.



The Long and the Short of it

Wee "Geordie" Wood, one of the best known comedians of the English stage, sailed from Montreal the other day on the Canadian Pacific ship Montrose after an extended tour of America. In California he was the guest of his great friend, Charlie Chaplin.

He is seen in contrast with William Webber, General Agent, Atlantic Ports, Canadian Pacific, on the morning of departure.

LIBERAL PARTY WILL ONCE MORE ASSUME POWER

Ottawa.—Final returns received strengthen the position of the Liberals. The Liberal party will have 118 straight representatives, at least, in the sixteenth parliament, while Conservatives will have 91; Liberal-Progressives 11, and Progressives 8. The remainder will be made up of United Farmers of Alberta, Laborites and Independents.

The impression is that the government will resign as soon as the Liberal party is able to take over the reins of office. Former Premier King with 118 of the 215 seats in the house, would then form a cabinet depending on support mainly from the eleven Liberal-Progressives and 8 Progressives elected.

Talk of a Liberal-Progressive coalition is already being suggested in political circles here, and in this connection it is altogether likely Mr. King will include Robert Forke, former Progressive leader, in any ministry which he might be called upon to form.

In all probability parliament will be called to assemble in November.

On October 13, Mr. King is due in London for the imperial conference. Some months ago, the Canadian Government accepted the invitation but recent developments have left the situation much in the air. Important questions are likely to arise at the conference and there is a feeling that the prime minister should be there in person. At the same time, there is questioning whether he will be able to form his government and transact necessary public business in the interval.

One of the surprises of the campaign was the decline in Conservative strength in Ontario and the provinces. In Ontario, the Conservative representation dropped from 68 to 53. In Manitoba, where Conservatives held seven seats in the last parliament, they will have none in the next. In the whole of the three prairie provinces, there has up to the present been only one Conservative returned as against nine in the last parliament. In Quebec, where Conservatives had counted on gaining their representation remains the same. They have four seats as in the last parliament.

The prime minister himself failed to secure election in Porge la Prairie, Man., and five of his ministers, three of them from the province of Quebec, were defeated. On the other hand the Liberal party, headed by Right Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, now constitutes the largest group in the new parliament. Mr. King and all the members of the former government who contested ridings were returned by the electorate. Mr. King was elected in the constituency of Prince Albert-Sask.

War Against Indians

Mexico City.—Aeroplane and gas bombs will be used against the Yaqui Indians now in revolt in the state of Sonora. The Mexican war department also ordered an cavalry and infantry. The Yaquis in rebellion complain that much of their tribal lands have been expropriated.

Tariff Board Will Consider Applications For Reductions In Duty

American Citizen Killed

Mexican Bandits Slay Wealthy New Yorker, Held For Ransom

Mexico City.—Jacob Rosenthal, a wealthy New York citizen, was murdered by his bandit captors on Wednesday night when Mexican troops closed in upon them.

Having failed to receive the \$10,000 ransom demanded and being hampered in their flight by the weak old man, the criminals killed him rather than let him be rescued alive by the federal troops with whom they were engaged in a running fight.

The tragedy occurred in a wild country less than 40 miles from Mexico City. The federal troops had tracked down the gang and had killed two of the bandits when the pursuit was halted by the recovery of the body of the captive. Later the pursuit of the bandits, who are believed to be only a small group, was resumed.

Gains Made By Parties

Change in Standing of Different Parties As Result of Election

Toronto. The Canadian Press issued the following final summary of gains by parties:

Liberals from Conservatives, 22; Liberals from Progressives, 1; Liberal-Progressive from Conservatives, 2; Conservatives from Liberals, 4; Progressives from Conservatives, 2; Labor-Liberal-Progressive from Conservatives, 1; U.F.A. from Liberals, 2; Labor from Conservatives, 1. The standing at dissolution was: Conservatives, 115; Liberals, 101; Progressives, 24; Labor, 2; Independent, 2 and 1 vacancy.

Fighting In China

British Cruiser Has Been Ordered to Leave For Seat of Trouble

Davenport, England.—The British cruiser, H.M.S. Carisfort, has been ordered to leave for China. Hankow, China. The "Red" Chinese forces made another attack on Wu Chang, but again were repulsed. The bombardment killed a number of non-combatants. The food shortage is acute.

A relief expedition is being organized to rescue missionaries and other foreigners at Wu Chang. The British gunboats, H.M.S. Cricket and H.M.S. Bee, have left for Wanchow, while a naval detachment has remained at Changhai.

Mexican Indians In Revolt

Mexico City.—Aeroplane and gas bombs will be used against the Yaqui Indians, now in revolt in the state of Sonora. The Mexican war department also ordered out cavalry and infantry.

The Yaquis in rebellion complain that much of their tribal lands have been expropriated and that all demands for reimbursement have been ignored.

Oldest Negro Regiment Disbanded—Kingston, Jamaica.—The British Government has decided to disband the West India Regiment, the oldest negro unit in the British Empire. The decision has caused much disappointment here.

Ottawa.—The advisory board on tariff and taxation will initiate five new investigations at public sittings to be held in Ottawa on Tuesday and Wednesday, October 5 and 6. Several such investigations are already in progress.

The application set apart for preliminary consideration on the dates mentioned are as follows:

No. 10—For the reduction of the customs duty on gabardines, by various garment-making concerns.

No. 11—For reduction of the customs duty on unbleached cottons and wares used in the manufacture of insulating materials.

No. 12—For reduction of the customs duty on lock bar steel pipe.

No. 13—For reduction of the customs duty on invalid's wheel chairs, by Mrs. Annie Chapman, Prince Albert, Sask.

No. 14—For increase of duty on corn can syrup, by H.C. Sugar Refining Company, Vancouver, B.C.

In the case of each application, it is announced, the applicant will be given full opportunity to supplement any written statements presented to the board, and all other parties whose interests may be affected are free to present their views.

Expects To Visit West

Queen Marie of Rumania Not Accepting Private Hospitality

Bucharest.—Toronto and the cities of Western Canada are likely to be in Queen Marie's itinerary when she leaves here next month for the American continent.

The Queen's itinerary is still undetermined, but she is considering a route embracing New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Buffalo, Toronto, San Francisco, Seattle, Western Canada and New Orleans, returning via Charleston without touching England. The Queen desires to see as much as possible of the American continent from a tourist's point of view.

The visit is considered unofficial, but the Queen has declined not to accept private hospitality, having received too many invitations for her limited stay.

Question Not Treated Seriously

Talk of Americanizing Canada Humbug Says British Labor Leader

London.—"The talk about the 'Americanization' of Canada is the veriest humbug," declared Right Hon. J. H. Thomas, M.P., colonial secretary in the late Labor Government, in an interview here on his return from a visit to the Dominion. "Nobody there regards the annexation question seriously."

Mr. Thomas remarked that once again he had been immensely impressed while in Canada with the practicality of the Dominion and the great spirit of enterprise in all directions there.

French Liner Collides In Fog

Paris.—The French liner, La Savole, which left Havre on Sept. 11, today was reported having collided with a cargo boat in the fog. It is announced that the liner suffered some damage above the water line on the port side, but that nobody was hurt. The vessel is continuing normally on her voyage to New York.

Expected That Next Parliament May Convene About November 20th

Ottawa.—While no official statement since the election has been forthcoming from Premier King, gossip favors the likelihood of the sixteenth parliament convening about November 20. In this eventuality, the house, after acquiring parliamentary authority for the outlay of the necessary treasury funds, would probably have a long adjournment for Christmas. A late fall session, it is also believed, would mean an endeavor to conclude the session by Easter of 1927.

Following the general election last fall, it took four to six weeks to have all election writs returned, with the exception of Peace River, where a recount was held. In ridings represented by probable members in the new King cabinet, the writs were returned last

year within from three to four weeks after the election. For this reason, it is thought that writs could be issued and returned in by-elections for the selected ministers in time for parliament to convene about November 20.

Cabinet making for Mr. King is simplified, it is stated, by the fact that approximately three-quarters of those who held portfolios in his former government will be back again. For the most part it is assumed they will occupy their old places.

Hon. E. M. MacDonald, former minister of national defence, has announced his retirement from politics, and the likelihood is that he will be appointed to the vacant senatorship for Nova Scotia.

Should Have Different Name

"Immigrant" Likely Distasteful to Settlers Coming to Canada

The recommendation by the manager of the Robert Simpson Company, Limited, that the term "immigrant" should be dropped in the case of newcomers from the Mother Country, is deserving of attention.

The name "immigrant" suggests a rather unhappy-looking bunch of people usually pictured as having their few belongings in a wooden chest, rich surplus, or immediate necessities in a knotted handkerchief, and wearing a dejected air. As a matter of fact, most of the "immigrants" of today travel first or second class, are people of good education and breeding and are fairly well off financially. Many have broken up, or left behind them, fine homes.

To these the term "immigrant" may be as distasteful as to call Canadian "colonials."

The term "colonial" is never used in the Old Country. It has been exported for twenty years or more, those who were once called "colonials" are invariably referred to as candidates, Australians, etc.

A word to replace "immigrants" could be coined.

Englishman Has Unique Hobby

Has Travelled All Over World Collecting Old Horseshoes

There is a man living in Bristol, England, whose hobby is perhaps unique. He collects old horseshoes.

These he has picked up in all parts of the world, in Egypt, the Philippine Islands, South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, Jerusalem and England.

One horseshoe from the Philippines was found in Manila, the capital of one of the Islands. As the collector passed up the convent, a Chinese lady who happened to be passing smiled and said "Lucky!" showing that even in the east the superstition connected with horseshoes is known.

Although the collector has travelled all over America and Canada, China and Japan, he has so far failed to find a horseshoe in any of these countries.

So strangely enough, he possesses only one English horseshoe, which he found but a short time ago.

The collector was in Yokohama just after the great earthquake, but although he searched the ruins for horseshoes, he failed to find any. What he did find were the charred remains of many minor ones.

This English gentleman cannot, however, claim an excess of good luck from the finding of his unique hobby, for his health has suffered considerably due to his world search for horseshoes.

Marble Bath Up For Sale

Cut From Solid Block For Late Queen Victoria

After Victoria's death this bath is for sale. It is made of solid marble and weighs more than 550 pounds. It can be purchased for 200 pounds.

When Sir Robert Peel was prime minister he invited Queen Victoria to stay at London Manor, his mansion near Tamworth, and went to enormous expense in making his home fit to receive the royal guest.

His main attention was directed to the bathroom and he engaged Italian craftsmen to construct a bath cut out of a solid block of white marble. The bath was made five feet seven inches long and as Queen Victoria's height was generally accepted as being under five feet she had ample room for her ablutions. No one else has ever used the bath, which is still in its original setting.

Her Simple Method

A fashionably dressed lady was remonstrating with her little boy as they left the department store. "You should never point, my son. It is very rude."

"But what are you going to do, mother, when you don't know the name of the thing?"

"Why, just let the clerk show you everything in the case until he comes to the right one."

Exhibition Draws A Record Crowd

A new high record for attendance at the Canadian National Exhibition during the two weeks it operates has been made this year, 1,573,000 people having passed through the turnstiles from the opening on August 28 to the closing. The former high record was 1,515,000 made in 1921 and the figure last year was 1,481,300.

"Is your sister married, Willie?" "I dunno; I haven't been home since breakfast."

When you hear of a man without friends you may be reasonably sure that he is also without money.

The Farmer In Politics

All Over the World the Tiller of the Soil Seeks Recognition

All over the world the farmer is raising his head. He is feeling his oats. If he is a peasant he is tired of his status. If he is a farmer he refuses to become a peasant. So he is getting into politics.

In England he is demanding government attention—bonuses or special legislation to bring agricultural production up to the high standard of the war.

In France it is the French farmer who refuses to be taxed to pay for the war—American war debts, for instance. The French farmer did not wish the war. He was a pacifist. The two smarties in Paris, working with the city diplomats of St. Petersburg and Germany, started the war. The French farmer gave his son to the war, and in many cases gave his home to the war. "That's enough," says he. "Let the city slickers who started and kept this war going so long pay for it." And the French farmers, having a majority in the French assembly, refuse to sustain any French cabinet that tries to vote taxes to pay French war debts.

In America the farmer is beginning to get into politics. He controls fifteen to forty senators, according to the radicalness of a measure. They are lining up against the industrialists. So Coolidge's control of congress is in danger at this election chiefly from this farmer.

"The farmer in the dell" is feeling his oats. From the Emporia Gazette.

A Miracle Of Design

Copying Spider's Web Would Tax Science To Its Limit

Writing in Modern Science, Mr. T. H. Savory, author of "British Spiders; Their Habits and Habits," puts forward the theory that the primitive spider was merely a hunter and not a weaver of webs. The earliest spiders, types of which still exist, lived in holes lined with silk tubes, which widened at their mouth, and folded outwards to form a fringe round their entrance. The general idea seems to be that this slight fringe was found to be of use in catching flies, and the principle was extended until it culminated in the widespread and beautiful orb-webs of the garden spiders. Webs, in fact, made against walls, or on the ground, were at length constructed in gorse bushes and other elevated positions, and every change in environment involved a new system in the way of stays and supports. Certainly, the latter-day spider's web—indeed, it may be said to have brought up to date—is a miracle of design, and a celebrated engineer recently said that even to copy in steel or iron the plans adopted, would tax modern science to its limit.

The Maiden's Complaint

The young woman travelling with her stern-looking father was evidently not in best of health. She was decidedly pretty but her cheeks were pale.

A kind of inquisitive passenger sitting opposite leaned forward and addressed the stern parent. "Your daughter seems very ill," he remarked sympathetically.

"Yes," replied the father, "it is an affection of the heart."

"Dear me! Angerism?"

"Oh, no! Only a Reumatism in the heart," he laughed. Chronicle Telegram.

A Woman's Logic

Mrs. Jones sent an entirely new light and, it may be, a wholly reasonable one, on the problem of woman's dress the other night. She and Mr. Jones were awaiting callers, and Mr. Jones surveyed her new gown rather critically. "Isn't it a little extreme?" he suggested. "A little short and low cut?"

"Well, I don't know," said Mrs. Jones, "they are coming to see me, aren't they not the dress?" The Argonaut.

Many Cows On Prairies

Prairie farmers were long averse to milking cows, but they are now doing it in increasing numbers every year. The annual production in the dairy factories of Canada now have a value of \$141,000,000, an increase of \$29,000,000 in five years—and a large portion of that increase has been achieved on the prairies. —Former's Advocate.

Good Excuse

Benedict.—What excuse have you for not being married?
Bachelor.—I was born that way.

"How come you all call your man Adeo?"
"Why, just cause he's always down in de mout."

"I just spent a grueling half hour."

"Doing what?"

"Feeding the children."

Oldest Church In London

Tablet States Foundations Were Laid In 179 A.D.

What Mr. R. H. Smith, deputy-keeper of the British and Medieval Department of the British Museum, describes as the oldest church in London is somewhat difficult to find.

To find it one must go up Cornhill, pass along a little grey by-way—St. Peter's Alley—and after walking a few steps one comes suddenly on St. Peter's Church, with its old churchyard.

This is the spot to which all visitors to London who know of its existence make a special pilgrimage. Here is a link with ancient London.

In the vestry there is a brass tablet stating that the foundations of the church were laid in A.D. 179 by Regulus Lullius. The Great Fire in London destroyed the church, and with the exception of a few great treasures, all it contained.

Sir Christopher Wren rebuilt it as it now stands, its tower surmounted by a curious vane, resembling a key pointing heavenwards, and it is regarded as one of the finest specimens of Wren's work.

The Rev. George Bell Doughty, the rector, who has been there for many years, will show visitors his treasures when they call at the church and tell stories which are woven into the history of centuries.

A few years ago excavators brought to light the foundations of the church, the Roman bricks of which are still to be seen by those who descend into the darkness.

Hair Tint and Character

Color Seems to Have Bearing On Person's Disposition

People with dark curly hair standing very stiffly on the head are generally possessed of terrific tempers; they are also often remarkably generous, and never bear malice for long. People with light, sandy hair are almost always a little careful with money, rather clever, and of a slow, calm, calculating nature. Dark people, with large, black or brown eyes and thick, wavy raven hair, are generally hasty, enthusiastic, and imaginative.

She Knew About Paving

In front of a Jefferson Avenue home several youngsters were building a "new road." A neighbor daughter attempted to ride through the operations on a tricycle.

"Here," shouted one of the boys, "you can't get through here. This is a new road!" "Then," demanded the young lady indignantly, "where's your detour?"—Detroit News.

The High Cost Of Sunburn

Ten Thousand Working Days Lost Every Week of Summer Says Doctor

Approximately \$700,000 can be saved to American employers if the practice of over-exposure to the sun at beaches to gain a coat of tan is discouraged, says Dr. Charles F. Pabst, professor of skin diseases at Greenpoint Hospital, Brooklyn, at Atlantic City, as quoted in the New York Sun. Says that paper:

Bathers should be warned that lying in the sun for hours at a time is a dangerous practice which often results in serious harm," said Dr. Pabst. "The skin cannot manufacture pigments quickly enough to protect one from injury unless the first exposures are of short duration and are lengthened only gradually. The sun emits more ultra-violet light during July and August than at any other time of the year. It may damage the skin cells and even produce death." Dr. Pabst estimates that 10,000 working days are lost every week of summer annually as a result of intense sunburn. Putting the average working wage at \$7, he sees a loss to employers of \$70,000 a week, or \$700,000 for ten weeks of summer.

Does Work By Aeroplane

London Woman "Cop" Thinks Nothing Of Long Trips

Commandant Mary Allan, co-founder of the women's police service in London, has become known as Europe's "flying cop" since she is one of the most travelled police officials in the world. When possible she makes her trips by plane.

She thinks nothing of flying to Paris, Berlin, or other points in one day, on some important case in which a woman is involved, and back to London the next. The setting up of a women's international police commission was due primarily to the efforts of Commandant Allan.

Travelling Schools In Ontario

Working in conjunction with both railways, the Ontario Government shortly will bring into use railway cars as classrooms along the railway lines of the sparsely settled sections of Northern Ontario. They will be fitted with the most modern school-room equipment and will provide accommodation for a teacher who will be responsible for the instruction.

Just 275 earloads of "pool eggs" were handled in prairie Canada this year.

"Contempt Of Court"

Great Number of Acts Can Be So Called

Quite a number of sins, either of omission or commission can fall under this heading. In the actual court itself, to assault any of its officers from judge down to policeman, to talk, to applaud, in fact for anyone in anyway to interrupt its proceedings, can be taken as contempt. So, too, a juror refusing to take the oath or a witness declining to answer a question would also be committing contempt.

Outside the court, a newspaper that made an improper comment upon a case not yet decided would be guilty of contempt. Where a verdict has actually been given, comment is permissible, but for a journal to give an opinion that so-and-so is guilty before the court has decided the point would be gross contempt. Also, a debtor refusing to pay a debt when so ordered by a court may be sent to prison, not for his debt, but for his contempt.

Advice Not So Bad

Sailor Lost In Montreal Calls Fire Department

George Hild, a cook aboard the steamer Hunsdunworth, in port at Montreal, wandered from his ship and lost himself in the West End.

"I'm lost," said he to a passer-by. "How am I going to get back to my ship?"

"Pull that handle there," he was told, "and they will look after you all right."

George pulled it, and a whole section of the Montreal fire department responded with a patrol wagon. Hild unfolded his story to the police at headquarters and was released on \$50 bail. His ship was sailing and rather than lose a good cook, the captain paid the bill.

Canada's Canal System

By the canal system of Canada, 1,820 miles of waterways have been opened up to navigation. During the navigable season 30,700 vessels aggregating 16,800,000 tons passed through these canals carrying over 200,000 passengers and nearly 13 million tons of freight.

Letter In Mail Chute 18 Years

A New York rubber company has received a letter mailed 18 years ago, containing a check for \$2.20 in payment for two inner tubes. The letter was caught in the mail chute of the Mills Building and remained there until wreckers discovered it.

Threshing is done in Turkey by women, who drive oxen hitched to a heavy curved plank over the grain.

Idea Originated In China

Oriental Used Fingerprints For Identification In 400 B.C.

Many of the world's greatest inventions and discoveries have had their origin in China. Other nations have made apparently new discoveries, only to find out that China, sleepy and non-aggressive, knew all about them centuries before.

The use of fingerprints as a means of identifying people is a comparatively modern occidental discovery, but it transpires that Chinese used the fingerprint as a means of identification 400 B.C.

In that early day fingerprints were taken on wills and on other documents to preclude fraud. A little later the system spread to India.

Japan early adopted finger printing, but used it only to identify criminals. Even today a person convicted of crime in Japan loses his name and is only known by his fingerprints.

The hiring of much illiterate labor in Africa and South America brought fingerprinting to those continents. It was used to identify workmen.

From the earliest known fingerprint to the present day no instance has been known to the skilled eye where two fingerprints were alike. The nearest alike are those of twins. Sir E. R. Henry, of England, exponent of fingerprinting, has divided the hand into over 300,000 subdivisions for purposes of identification. There are four types of rings and sixty finger ridge characteristics.

However, Argentina is the only country to have national fingerprinting. For that reason it is claimed to be the one country where it is impossible for a person to lose his or her identity. There is a record of the fingerprints of every one of that country's nearly 10,000,000 inhabitants.

How Oilcloth Is Made

Process First Used Has Been Greatly Improved On

Originally, oilcloth meant a cloth or rough canvas oiled over on both sides to make it water-resisting. In the earlier processes the oil, generally a thick linseed, was just painted on in several coats, but as time went on a better method was found by spreading the oil by a method of spraying.

The oil is first boiled with certain salts and is then sprayed into a current of air, the chemical result being a semi-solid material, which again is mixed with various substances such as resin. The whole is then spread by machinery in a layer on the canvas base, which is then hung up and allowed to dry.

The material called linoleum—from the Latin words linum for flax and oleum for oil—contains ground cork, which is mixed with the oil to provide a covering far thicker and more durable for the base. It is this that nowadays we find generally used as a substitute for carpeting.

Apology Was In Order

Japs Praying For Rain Drenched Citizen of U. S.

Drenched with water by a crowd before a wayside shrine at Hachioji, near Tokio, Japan, the secretary of the United States embassy believed an insult was intended. He reported the incident to the foreign office. An investigation revealed that the crowd was performing a ceremony, praying for rain, this ceremony including water on the first passerby. Hachioji officials were much chagrined upon learning the identity of the person drenched and apologized.

Mamma Sets Example

Edna Best, the noted English actress, is Mrs. Seymour Beard in private life and is the mother of charming twins. She tells a story of how one night, persuading them to go to bed, she reminded them that baby chickens went to roost at that time.

"Yes," was the reply of one of the young hopefuls, "but the mamma hen goes with them."

Their Diagnosis

The widow of a farmer had some difficulty with her hens and wrote the following letter to the board of agriculture:

"Something is wrong with my chickens. Every morning I find two or three lying on the ground cold and stiff with their feet in the air. Can you tell me what is the matter?"

After a little while she received the following reply:

"Dear Madam: Your chickens are dead."—London Tit-Bits.

Helicopter Tests Successful

A helicopter, invented and built by Dr. George F. Myers, of Jackson Heights, Long Island, made perpendicular ascents and assumed stationary positions at a height of five feet in the air in a demonstration flight at Mineola, N.Y.

"Great Divide Highway" Opened In Rockies



A splendid new motor-road from Lake Louise to Field, B.C., representing another link in the Trans-Canada Highway, was opened recently and is now being traveled over by hundreds of tourists from the Chateau Lake Louise, Banff Springs and other Canadian Pacific Rocky Mountain resorts.

The new road, which is called the "Great Divide Highway," was surveyed eleven years ago by the Dominion Government Parks branch, and just completed this summer. Those who have motored over it, say that it is the most thrilling, impressive and beautiful road in the world. Six thousand two hundred feet above sea level in some places, it is more than one thousand above the Canadian Pacific spiral tunnels. It passes through the finest scenery in the Rockies and over the line where the waters divide and begin their journey to the Pacific and Atlantic.

The new highway makes it possible to take daily sight-seeing trips by auto from Lake Louise, through Wapta Camp, over the Great Divide, through Kicking Horse Canyon and Yoho Valley to Field, and it forms a convenient approach from Banff and Calgary to the bungalow camps such as Wapta, Yoho, Lake O'Hara.

Chief Engineer Wardle, of the Dominion Parks Department, expects 12,000 cars to pass over the new road this summer. An auto camp has already been built at Field to take care of the tourists, while another has been erected just below Lake Louise.

When Your Meat Reaches the Home

Have the juices soaked through the wrapper—is the meat tainted by odors and stuck with pieces of ugly paper? Or is your meat kept in perfect condition by Ajax or Hercules wraps?

Either kind is wax-coated to guard the flavor of the meat. Either kind does away with the expense and bother of an inside waxed sheet.

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Strange, Romantic Love Adventures of the Flapper you know

Joanna

by H. L. GATES

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CHAPTER XIV.—(Continued).

Joanna's reply was eagerly gratefully: "Yes. That is what I tried to say. I want to be able to do as I please and not be criticized."

Yvonne rose and crushed the fire from her cigarette. "That's all the talk we shall need, I think," she said. "We shall only each other from now on. I imagine. Shall we go down to the winter garden? There will be somebody besides Teddy and Doris there."

Joanna was conscious of something having been said, of some confidence reached out to her by Yvonne, which she had not fully understood. She was puzzled, as if she had been confronted by some subtle challenge that masked a strategy. For an instant she was at the point of breaking away, of running away regardless of the two tracks, a shuffling new one and a shuffling old one, which had been lifted down from her taxi. This impulse subsided immediately, however. She decided that after a while she would understand Yvonne, perfectly.

And after awhile, a long time after, Joanna said:

In the winter garden the group that Yvonne had left around the stone table had broken up. Only Teddy and Doris remained. One of these was a swarthy, dark haired, dark eyed man, who might have been of any age between twenty-five to forty-five. He was presented by Yvonne as Pendleton. Joanna thought him a very grave, and unapproachable person. The other besides Doris, was a woman, who was easily more than twenty-five but could not possibly have been forty. Yvonne identified her as Mrs. Marks. "Doris," Lord Teddy exclaimed when Yvonne had named Pendleton and Mrs. Marks for Joanna. "I've thought of something clever!"

"Think it over carefully, Teddy," Yvonne admonished him, "before you reveal it. You're so often mistaken." "But this is excellent," the irrepressible Lord Teddy insisted. "Positively ripping. Pendleton, here, and Doris, Doris Marks, don't you see?" "Only that both are of a mind that alcohol is better than tea, and that you agree," Yvonne informed him. "And also that the tea I have poured for Miss Manners is awaiting to be passed!"

"A thousand pardons, Miss Manners—by the way, is it quite all right for me to repeat now what I let escape from me a few minutes ago? About your being a devilish pretty girl, you know? I was telling Pen here—Ah, that clever thing I thought of. I must tell you what it was before I forget it!"

"One thing at a time," Yvonne insisted. "What were you telling Pen?"

"That I'd just seen the kind of a

face that no man could ever forget after he'd once held it close to him. Isn't that what I said, Pen old boy?" "You said absolutely nothing of the sort, or spoke of any face whatever," Pendleton gravely assured him.

"Perhaps I didn't," Teddy admitted. "But I thought it, and meant to say it. So, Miss Manners will consider that I did."

Here the woman Yvonne had called Mrs. Marks interjected. "If she sees much of you, Teddy, she probably will have enough to remember of what you actually do say, without being bothered with what you merely think."

"Don't alarm her, please!" Lord Teddy exclaimed. "No woman ever remembers anything I say to her."

"They don't dare, perhaps," Pendleton observed.

"Both you and Doris—" Teddy began, and broke off. "Pendleton and Doris," he said again, "that brings me back to my clever thing. Listen, everyone: Pendleton and Doris Marks; whenever I come upon Pendleton here at Yvonne's I come upon Doris Marks. Penmarks! Isn't that clever? Penmarks! What?" It was only Lord Teddy himself who laughed, and Joanna wondered why.

CHAPTER XV.

Joanna Holds Her Own

It was not long before Lord Teddy had skillfully manoeuvred Joanna from the stone table in the winter garden into a late a late corner of the drawing room. "Never could stand Pendleton, you know," he confided to her when he had held a flame for her cigarette. "Can't see what Doris sees in him, or he in her, for that matter. Can you?"



"Do you know," Lord Teddy observed, moving closer to Joanna, "I'm going to be terribly fond of you before long."

"Is that how it is?" Joanna inquired. "You see everybody's fresh news to me, now. I have to wait for signs."

Lord Teddy eyed her intently. She felt singularly at ease with this exuberant young man. She laughed at him brightly when he protested: "Oh, really now! You mustn't pretend that. I'm dreadfully dumb when a young woman declares that she doesn't know everything! It's never true these days, you know, and it's a lot jollier to not make believe!"

"I'll admit," she agreed, "that anything I don't know hurts. I've tried not to miss anything, but I have, a lot. So there's still a chance for you to do a bit of teaching. You may start with Mr. Pendleton and—was it Mrs. or Miss Marks. What was wrong about your Penmarks?"

"Do you know," he observed, mov-

ing from his chair to a place closer to her on the divan into which she had settled, "I'm going to be terribly fond of you before long."

"Yes, I'm sure of that," she informed him. "I can see the signs. Anyhow, teachers always are, aren't they? But you were saying?"

"About Penmarks? It's 'Mrs. Marks, of course. You'll probably see the other part of her tomorrow night? You'll be here, won't you?"

"I'll probably be here, but I don't know what's happening. Is it what ever you thought a while ago I might be coming to sing or dance for? I must find out yet what you think specially about singers and dancers." "Yvonne's giving something or other, usual thing. Doris will be on deck with her husband, he's not a bad sort, but a bit empty. She and Pen will be miserable trying to keep up appearances. It's beastly, of course, for anybody to have husbands and wives about, but these two moon about it so openly they're delightful."

"Is he married, too?" "Profoundly! He has to be more surreptitious than any husband I know. You'll be fearfully amused by the two of them, Pen and Doris, when you're used to them. They're always about some place for tea. That's why I really was clever, you know?"

"And it doesn't make any difference to anybody? To their friends, like Miss Conant, and people who know of the husband and wife?" "Lord Teddy examined the girl beside him deliberately. He noted all the distinguishing patterns of her. His eyes dwelt particularly for an instant that barely could have been measured, on a smartly slicked knee, hardly yet escaped from the angular sharpness that is youth—but threatening to come out altogether from within the confines of a modestly meager dress. His glance, sweeping upward in its lightning appraisals, hovered joyously upon her mouth, that was almost round because of the full, seamy cheeks of the lower lip and the deep, perfect bow of the upper one—a splash of color as if someone had crushed a red rose there. She knew what he was doing. She felt his eyes wherever they rested. Not a muscle of her twitched, but she was conscious of an exquisite thrill of satisfaction with herself. The knee had never before, upon such an occasion—and why were skirts worn short and lips shaped like round rose buds, and a gown fashioned so carefully, if not for open consideration?—the knee had never been so beautifully sheathed in a silk so perfect, and the lips never so deftly toned and balanced.

(To be continued)

Use Your Best Manners

North Wales. Being Courteous to Everyday Companions

"Manners," it has been said, "are not like clothes; it is a bad thing to have two suits of them—one for best and one for every day. Wear your best manners all the time; they suffer more from being put away than by constant use. If you keep your best manners for company, they will fit you badly, and your visitor will suspect they were put on for him. Wear your second-best clothes at home if you will, but not your second-best manners. To whom is it worth while to be courteous, if not to the people you love best?"

Rub It in for Lamé Back.—A brisk rubbing with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will relieve lame back. The oil will immediately absorb the oil and it will penetrate the tissues and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. As the liniment sinks in, the pain comes out and there are simple grounds for saying that it is an excellent article.

Was Related To "Robinson Crusoe"—William Gillies, last living descendant of Alexander Selkirk, the original of Defoe's Robinson Crusoe, died at Largo, Fife-shire.

Selkirk, put off his ship at Juan Fernandez, off the coast of Valparaiso, after a dispute with his captain, lived alone on the island for over four years before being picked up. He was born at Largo, where his descendant died, 250 years ago.

The Polite Way

The class had been instructed to write essays on "Oliver Twist," and one little girl had written, "In the kitchen stood a statue of a policeman."

"Surely that's wrong?" said the teacher. "No, miss," said the little girl, "the book says 'a stone copper,' but I thought that was a more polite way of putting it."

A Relief

It must be a relief to an engineer who has driven his wife all around the country in the flavor on his day off to climb into his new locomotive the next morning and run it all by himself.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Rub your scalp with Minard's Liniment



"See What I Did for 30 cts!"

You needn't be sick to always wear the latest colors. Just keep your clothes bright and new by home dyeing. It's easy, and anyone can get perfect results. You can Diamond Dye anything. Take out some old, faded suit or dress and have it the season's fashionable shade, tomorrow! Restore dull drapes, scarfs and spreads. You can work wonders with a few, inexpensive Diamond Dyes (true dyes). New colors right over the old. Any kind of material.

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Many Millionaires

Stated That 11,000 People Are in "Millionaire Class" in U.S.

There are 11,000 millionaires in the United States today, it is estimated by Joseph S. McCoy, government secretary, United States treasury. In an article in the current American Bankers Association Journal, which points out that this means that one person out of every 10,450 Americans has accumulated a fortune of a \$1,000,000. Mr. McCoy declares that the nation now has its first millionaire. The article says:

"Latest preliminary figures by the bureau of internal revenue indicate that for 1924 seventy-four individuals made returns for income tax whose net income was acknowledged to be in excess of \$1,000,000. This means their entire income, less all allowable deductions. The total net income of these seventy-four was returned at \$134,852,709, and average of something over \$2,000,000 each. Thirty-six had incomes net in excess of \$1,500,000. Incomes in excess of this amount, but not in excess of \$2,000,000, numbered thirteen. Incomes over \$2,000,000, but not over \$3,000,000, were fifteen. There were four incomes between \$3,000,000 and \$4,000,000, three with between \$4,000,000 and \$5,000,000, while three individuals returned incomes in excess of \$5,000,000. These three returned average of over \$9,318,000."

Husband in the Kitchen

Men Appear to be Becoming More Skilled in the Culinary Art

As kitchen helpers in the World War, a multitude of American men became familiar with culinary tasks. Multitudes of other men who tinkered in their garages with cars of the cheaper makes say they feel quite at home with the cans, pans and skillet grease of the kitchen. When father takes the family touring, he builds the fire and often broils the steak and fries the potatoes, and he seems happy in his sketchy attempts to clean the frying pan afterward. Hunting and fishing are he-man jobs, and their devotees do their own cooking and bring their experiences back to the home fireside.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Women sap the strength and undermine the vitality of children. Strengthen them by using Mother Graves' Worm Expeller to drive out the parasites.

The United States has an option or lease on the Nicaragua Canal route which will not expire for nearly a century.

FOR DIARRHOEA DYSENTERY

AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS



It has been a household remedy for over 80 years. You can always rely on it in time of need.

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Cariboo Highway Now Opened

Telegraph Line Has Been in This Country Since 1866.

The new Cariboo highway has at last been open to traffic, adding the final link in the communication of that secluded region with the outside world.

Since 1866 the Cariboo has been connected with the rest of the world by telegraph, ever since the Americans landed at Telegraph Creek their projected line to Russia.

The reason for such an undertaking was the desire to connect America with Europe by telegraph. The snapping of the first British cable across the Atlantic led to suspicion that a submarine telegraph was not feasible and the construction of a line to Siberia, routed by the Cariboo, was undertaken and completed as far as Telegraph Creek. At this point work was received of the successful laying on the second attempt of a cable across the Atlantic.

Proud of Being Nuisances

Many Motorists Use Horn When It Is Unnecessary

There are a lot of drivers who take instant resort to the horn when their progress is impeded. It is an evidence of insanity, but there it is. Some of the dry boats on the Mississippi would have to stop when they blew the whistle, but these chaffy motorists have to blow their horns whenever they are stopped. One may easily imagine that they are proud of the opportunity of showing what nuisances they are. Anyhow, they go it with a zeal and frenzy that is quite convincing. The horn may be an unnecessary noise, but you can't prove it to these nit wits.—Los Angeles Times.

Fastest Wheel in World

Turbing On Aeroplane Has Speed of 40,000 Revolutions a Minute

The fastest revolving wheel in the world, according to estimates of experts, is the turbine wheel on the special supercharger of the aeroplane used by Lieut. John Macready in his recent attempts to better the world's altitude record. It revolves at the almost inconceivable speed of 40,000 revolutions a minute—almost 700 a second. This is about twenty times the highest speed of an automobile crank shaft.—Popular Science Monthly.

THOUSANDS OF THANKFUL MOTHERS

Strongly Recommend Baby's Own Tablets to Their Friends

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little ones she would use nothing else. The Tablets give such results that the mother has nothing but words of praise for them. Among the thousands of mothers throughout Canada who praise the Tablets is Mrs. David A. Anderson, New Glasgow, N.S., who writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my children, and from my experience I would not be without them. I would urge every other mother of young children to keep a box of the Tablets in the house."

Baby's Own Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regularizes the bowels and sweetens the stomach; drive out constipation and indigestion; break up colic and simple rashes and make children easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockton, Ont.

Little Helps For This Week

Great peace have they which love Thy law.—Ps. cxix, 165.

"Dear Lord and God, forgive me the sins I have committed. This will of mine."

Teach me to answer still.

Whatever my lot may be.

All that Thou sendest me.

Of good or ill.

All goeth as God will.

—Alice Williams.

The root of all dissatisfaction and discontent with our own and other's surroundings, and with our own prospects, can never be reached until we go down to the will of God in our souls, hearts and minds, and make the discovery of that will for us, and the doing of our chief aim and hope. No change in life's circumstances, no larger work, no happier outlook will be enough. We ourselves need to be born again; it is not our outward life that needs to be refashioned.—Norman Sartorius.

"This poem against my grain."

laments the thirty Saskatchewan farmer when paying off his harvest.

"Better a close-mouthed friend than a close-fisted enemy."

Minard's Liniment relieves stiffness

There's a Treat

for you and your children in the Peppermint sugar jacket and another in the Peppermint-flavored gum inside.



Utmost value in long last-ting delight.



WRIGLEY'S aids digestion and makes the next cigar taste better. Try it. CIGARS AFTER EVERY MEAL.

For infant feeding

Uniform and satisfactory results invariably follow the use of

Borden's EAGLE BRAND Condensed Milk

High in Food Value; Low in Cost



Ask Your Grocer for our Famous Sardine Cook Book. It is FREE.

FULL OR PART TIME. TAKE orders for neckwear. We manufacture, deliver, collect. Good earnings for workers. Big season starting. Samples free. Public Service, London, Ont.

An Auburn-Haired Community

Remarkable Condition Exists in Village in Wales

In a certain village in Wales, it is said, there is a greater proportion of copper or auburn-haired people than in any other part of the British Isles. A local medical officer, when asked for an explanation of the definite types which still persisted in the villages of this part of Wales, said he had found even the smallest communities very conservative in their marriage relations, and they rarely went outside their own "clan" to find a partner for life. Another remarkable feature he had noted was the evidence of Spanish blood among many of the women on the coastal villages. He had found the type to persist even after hundreds of years. "In one family I visit," he said, "the parents, whose people have lived in the village all their lives and look Welsh, have daughters who could pass anywhere as Spanish girls."

RESTORED TO GOOD HEALTH

Mother of Eleven Children Praises Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Her Interesting Experience

Buckingham, Quebec. "I am the mother of eleven living children, and my baby is five months old. I am only 28 years old and I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for weakness and my nerves. I knew of it from my sister, Emma, and I had heard of it from Belle, of Ramsayville. For five years I was in misery, and was always ready to cry. Now I am so happy to have good health. My daughter, who is 18 years old, has also taken it and will be happy to recommend it to all young girls. I am Dr. W. J. PARKER, Box 414, Buckingham, Quebec.

Why suffer for years with backache, nervousness and other ailments common to women from early life to middle age, when Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will give you relief?"

In a recent country-wide canvass of purveyors of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, over 250,000 replies were received, and 98 out of every 100 reported they were benefited by its use.

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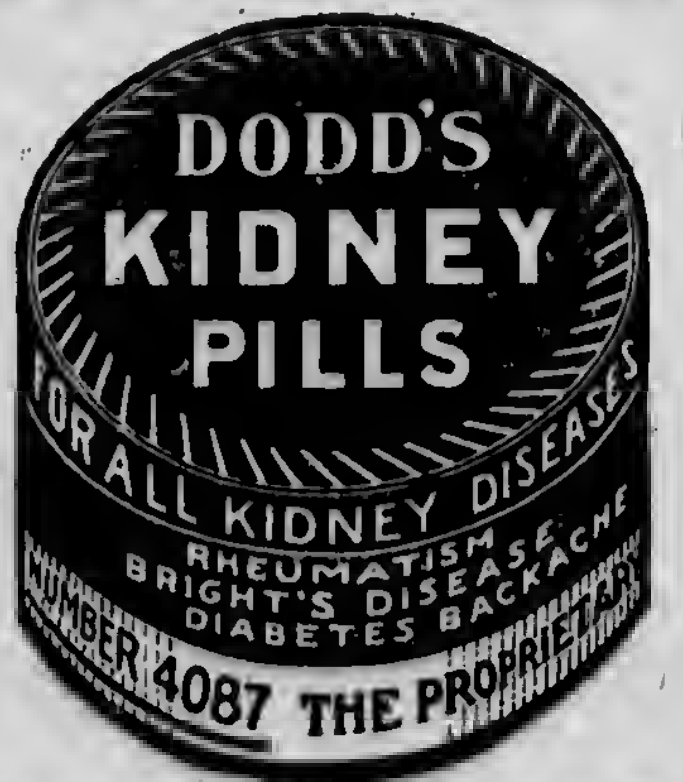
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Missionary Faces Many Dangers

A remarkable story of hardships faced in the heart of darkest Africa was told by the Rev. Joseph K. Blakeney, a missionary who has lived for the past fifteen years in a small native village near Batama in the Belgian Congo. Mr. Blakeney was the first missionary to penetrate to the district, where he built a meeting house for the natives, and cleared some fifty acres of land for cultivation. Despite the fact that he has a wife and a family of five Mr. Blakeney is anxious to return to his self-imposed exile, but his doctors warn him that he could not long survive the hardships of the tropics.

Some idea of the isolation of the missionary and his family can be gleaned from the fact that they were compelled to make their way through seven hundred miles of dense forest on their return to Canada. This trek was accomplished without mishap although often it seemed the weary journey would never end.

"The beginning of our life in Africa was marked by tragedy," said Mr. Blakeney in telling his story. "After a hazardous journey my wife and I arrived at our destination in the heart of the Belgian Congo. We had no family then. A few weeks after our arrival the first baby was born and within a few days it died. Homeless, save for a rough shack, friendless save for the people of the village—we felt like turning tail and forcing our way out to civilization. Something impelled us to stay, however, and stay we did for fifteen years." The first job was to build a home and this Mr. Blakeney did with the help of the natives. When completed the home contained seven rooms, and it cost two hundred dollars.

"At first there was a marked hostility toward us on the part of the natives," Mr. Blakeney declared. "They suspected us of working evil and in consequence they did everything in their power to kill us. In some way they managed to poison our food, and we were all taken ill. We recovered but time and again attempts were made upon our lives. As a last resource they attempted to starve us to death and our cattle were poisoned."

"When they found that we were not to be easily done away with their hostility ceased and at the end there were many who walked the seven hundred miles to the coast to bid us good-bye."

At the present time Mr. Blakeney is living in Winona, but he visited the Border Cities that he might see the the Ford plant in operation. "In Africa I had some remarkable experience with Ford cars," he declared, and I promised myself that if I ever returned to Canada I would visit the factory. I bought the first Ford car ever used in Central Africa and although it has been subjected to incredible treatment it is still running. Owing to the difficulties of obtaining oil and gas it was frequently necessary to run the car on palm oil and kerosene. In spite of this combination it could always be relied upon to get there."

To accommodate his Ford car Mr. Blakeney built three miles of road to connect with a jungle path. When the road was first started he had difficulties in financing the undertaking, but finally he decided to shoot elephants and raise the necessary funds from the sale of

tuaks. He has fittingly christened the highway in the wilderness, "Ivory Boulevard."

During his stay in Africa Mr. Blakeney had many exciting experiences hunting big game. On one occasion he was following a wounded elephant through the bush when the beast turned on him and charged. A second shot through the shoulder failed to stay the maddened animal and the missionary was compelled to scramble up a tree for safety.

"The amazing part of the adventure was that the elephant could have smashed down the tree as easily as I might break a twig," the missionary said. "For some reason it passed me by. Probably it was so enraged that it failed to see me."

In addition to elephants, leopards were very plentiful in the region and Mr. Blakeney had many encounters with them.

"There was one leopard which wrought havoc in the district," he said, "and it was supposed to have killed twenty-four natives. Frequently I attempted to get it, but it was far too wily for me. Finally the natives themselves caught it alive and tortured it to death. After they had eaten its flesh they presented me with the skin. It contains thirty spear holes."

In the region of the upper Congo there is a race of pygmies—a people known to only a few explorers. In the course of his preaching trips Mr. Blakeney paid many visits to these strange people and he has a high regard for them. "Generally speaking they are more moral than the people of this continent," he said, "and they are more intelligent than the average natives. I developed quite an affection for them and it was always a pleasure for me to visit them."

"The pygmies showed me an amazing way of hunting elephants. They travel through the forests until they find one of these huge beasts asleep. Then four of them take up position behind its legs. All four men carry very sharp knives and at a given signal each slices at the sinews of the leg in front of him. Providing their efforts are carefully synchronized the elephant topples to the ground but if one man acts before the rest the hunters stand little chance of escaping alive."

Snakes were unpleasantly numerous in the neighborhood of the mission farm, and over 600 were killed in the neighborhood of the house in the 15 years. The most dangerous snake of all was the black mamba which is able to throw itself through the air like a projectile.

Mr. Blakeney relates: "On one occasion I was standing near the house when I saw a black mamba coiled around the branch of a tree in front of me. Before I had time to turn, the snake uncoiled and threw itself at me. It whirled by my head, and it was travelling with such force that it carried right over the roof of our bungalow."

But snakes were a trifling distraction compared with the white ants which infested the district. The ants were everywhere and it was necessary to keep food and clothing in tin boxes to escape their ravenous appetites. "People on this side do not realize what a pest the ant is in Africa," the missionary declared. "It is not unusual to see ant hills a hundred feet high and in many places railway cuttings have been dug through them. In Stanleyville there were two ant hills which obstructed the course of the railway. I was told on good authority that these hills cost two million dollars to remove."

According to Mr. Blakeney Africa is being rapidly opened up. The various governments have undertaken an extensive road building program and highways from coast to coast are the order of the day. "Canadian-made Ford cars are replacing the bullock

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RAYMOND BRANCH—T. L. Halpin, Manager

wagons and native porters," he said. "Even in the back of beyond one sees the trusty cars forging along forest paths or crossing the rock-strewn veldt. But motoring in Central Africa is not popular yet, for gasoline costs three dollars a gallon and lubricating oil rather more."

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Agent for the Desert News and
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News Notes

Next Sunday will be Rally Day in the first ward Sunday school. Committees of officers and teachers have been working for some time to arrange a suitable program and decorations. Rally Day comes as a culmination of an attendance contest in September, which has resulted in an attendance of over 300 each Sunday. David H. Elton of Lethbridge will be the speaker in the parents' department. His subject will be, "The Privileges and Responsibilities of Canadian Citizenship."

A miscellaneous shower for Mrs. Russell Nilsson (nee Miss Alice Morris, Lethbridge) was held by Mrs. Amanda Nilsson and Mrs. W. Nalder at the home of the latter. Numerous useful and beautiful articles were given. About 40 guests were present.

Constable VanOrman is authorized to issue small and big game licenses and marriage licenses. In the latter event he offers your money back if you can't get along.

FOUND—Bunch of keys on a shoe lace.—Apply Recorder office.

News Notes

The world's baseball series begins tomorrow when the St. Louis Cardinals meet the New York Yankees in the big town. If last year is any criterion about a hundred local fans will be gathered at King Motors to get the radio returns.

"Forlorn River," the Zane Gray picture to appear soon at the Rex theatre, is a melodramatic outdoor thriller in which romance, adventure and cattle rustlers are inextricably interwoven. It was filmed in Zion National Park and Bryce Canyon, Utah, which provide scenic background of surpassing natural beauty.

The first beets were unloaded at the factory last Saturday and the harvest of beets is under full swing. Assignment of positions, at the factory were given by Superintendent Wing last Monday when several score workers applied. The mill is now steamed up and the campaign is on.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Peterson were visitors at Cardston last Sunday.